

**CLASS : 12th (Sr. Secondary)**

**Code No. 202**

**Series : SS/Annual-2023**

Roll No. 

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**ENGLISH (Elective)**

**ACADEMIC/OPEN**

(Only for Fresh/Re-appear/Improvement/Additional Candidates)

Time allowed : **3 hours** ]

[ Maximum Marks : **80**

- Please make sure that the printed pages in this question paper are **8** in number and it contains **11** questions.
  - The **Code No.** on the right side of the question paper should be written by the candidate on the front page of the answer-book.
  - Before beginning to answer a question, its Serial Number must be written.
  - Don't leave blank page/pages in your answer-book.
  - Except answer-book, no extra sheet will be given. Write to the point and do not strike the written answer.
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- Candidates must write their Roll No. on the question paper. Except Roll No. do not write anything on question paper and don't make any mark on answers of objective type questions.
  - Before answering the questions, ensure that you have been supplied the correct and complete question paper, **no claim in this regard, will be entertained after examination.**

**General Instructions :**

- (i) This question-paper is divided into **four** Sections : **A, B, C** and **D**.
- (ii) All the Sections are compulsory.
- (iii) Attempt all the parts of a question together.
- (iv) Stick to the word-limit wherever prescribed.

**202**

P. T. O.

## SECTION – A

1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :  $1 \times 6 = 6$

Among the many effects of the climate crisis that became evident in 2022, the impact on India's food security was among the most significant. Some more proof of this came this week via a study by the National Dairy Research Institute. Researchers found that increasing spells of the summer heatwaves are hurting milk productivity, or output per cattle, while raising costs of production for farmers. Milk productivity in the world's largest producer has also been on a decreasing trend during summers due to heat stress, the recent study found. The study found that each unit increase in the temperature humidity index above a "critical level" reduces the fortnightly milk productivity of dairy animals by 0.42-0.67% in northern Indian plains. More animals fell sick due to extreme temperatures and dairy farmers had to buy cooling equipment, raising the cost of milk production by up to 12% (2021 Indian Council of Agriculture Research paper).

This has been a rough year for the dairy Industry, which also dealt with an outbreak of the lumpy skin disease which killed around 100,000 cows and

buffaloes between April and September. Worse, this adversely affected small cultivators, whose marginal earnings from agriculture are often supplemented by incomes from milk cattle.

The experience of 2022 — spring heatwaves shrivelling the wheat crop and uneven rainfall affecting rice yields — underlines the need for more climate sensitive policies and better undergirding of agricultural processes to deal with vagaries in weather patterns. Even more urgently required is a prediction and forecast system because it can help deal with climate shocks. The importance of strategic food reserves and buffer stocks are only likely to grow in the coming years.

**Questions :**

- (i) What was the most significant impact among many effects of climate crisis ?
- |                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| (A) Environment  | (B) Air Pollution |
| (C) Water Crisis | (D) Food Security |

- (ii) What is the impact of the increasing summer heatwaves ?  
(A) raise milk productivity (B) hurting output of milk  
(C) equal effect (D) no effect
- (iii) What do milk producers have to buy to keep animals away from extreme temperatures ?  
(A) Construct sheds  
(B) Build barbed wire structures  
(C) Cooling equipment  
(D) Do nothing
- (iv) Why was there the rough year for dairy industry ?  
(A) outbreak of lumpy skin disease  
(B) corona  
(C) heatwaves  
(D) lack of cooling equipments
- (v) What does the experience of 2022 underline ?  
(A) more climate sensitive policies  
(B) better agricultural process to deal with the vagaries of weather  
(C) Both (A) & (B)  
(D) Neither (A) nor (B)
- (vi) What is required to help deal with climate shocks ?  
(A) Prediction  
(B) Forecast system  
(C) Prediction and forecast system  
(D) Help of government

2. Read the stanza given below and answer the questions that follow :

1 × 6 = 6

*Know then thyself, presume not God to scan;  
The proper study of mankind is man.  
Plac'd on this isthmus of a middle state,  
A being darkly wise, and rudely great:  
With too much knowledge for the sceptic side,  
With too much weakness for the stoic's pride,  
He hangs between; in doubt to act, or rest;  
In doubt to deem himself a god, or beast;  
In doubt his mind or body to prefer;  
Born but to die, and reas'ning but to err;  
Alike in ignorance, his reason such,  
Whether he thinks too little, or too much:  
Chaos of thought and passion, all confus'd;*

*Still by himself abus'd, or disabus'd;  
Created half to rise, and half to fall;  
Great lord of all things, yet a prey to all;  
Sole judge of truth, in endless error hurl'd:  
The glory, jest, and riddle of the world !*

**Questions :**

- (i) What does the poet want human beings to do ?
- (ii) What is the proper study of mankind ?
- (iii) What is man hanging between ?
- (iv) What doubt does man has about himself ?
- (v) What is man created to do ?
- (vi) What is he to all things, yet a prey to fall ?

3. Attempt any **one** of the following :

6

- (i) Write a letter to your brother advising him to devote more time to studies rather than sports.
- (ii) Write a paragraph on "Air Pollution".
- (iii) You are an editor of your school magazine. You have recently attended a prize distribution function in your school. Write a report about it.

### SECTION – B

4. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :  $1 \times 4 = 4$

I have never known anyone closer to the idea one has of a Renaissance pope: He was gluttonous and refined. Even against his will, he always presided at the table. Matilde, his wife, would put a bib around his neck that belonged in a barbershop rather than a dining room, but it was the only way to keep him from taking a bath in sauce. That day at Carvalleiras was typical. He ate three whole lobsters, dissecting them with a surgeon's skill, and at the same time devoured

everyone else's plate with his eyes and tasted a little from each with a delight that made the desire to eat contagious: clams from Galicia, mussels from Cantabria, prawns from Alicante, sea cucumbers from the Costa Brava. In the meantime, like the French, he spoke of nothing but other culinary delicacies, in particular the prehistoric shellfish of Chile, which he carried in his heart. All at once he stopped eating, tuned his lobster's antennae, and said to me in a very quiet voice:

'There's someone behind me who won't stop looking at me.'

#### Questions :

- (i) Name the story and its writer.
- (ii) How did the Renaissance Pope appear to be ?
- (iii) What did Pope's wife wear around his neck and why ?
- (iv) What did the Pope do at Carvalleiras ?

5. Read the stanza given below and answer the questions that follow : 1 × 4 = 4

*We shall new shadowes make the other way.  
As the first were made to blinde  
Others; these which come behinde  
Will worke upon our selves and blind our eyes.  
If our loves faint, and westwardly decline;  
  
To me thou, falsely thine;  
And I to thee mine actions shall disguise.  
  
The morning shadowes were away,  
But these grow longer all the day,  
But oh, loves day is short, if love decay.  
  
Love is a growing, or full constant light;  
And his first minute, after noone, is night.*

**Questions :**

- (i) Name the poem and the poet.  
(ii) What will the poet do with his actions ?  
(iii) What is the duration of love if it decays ?  
(iv) In the growth of love, what is the first minute after noon ?
6. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow : 1 × 4 = 4

So beware! If you allow any person, or class of persons, to get the upper hand of you, he will shift all that part of his slavery to Nature that can be shifted on to your shoulders; and you will find yourself working from eight to fourteen hours a day when, if you had, only yourself and your family to provide for, you could do it quite comfortably in half the time or less. The object of all honest governments should be to prevent your being imposed on in this way. But the object of most actual governments. I regret to say, is exactly the opposite. They enforce your slavery and call it freedom. But they also regulate your slavery,

keeping the greed of your masters within certain bounds. When chattel slavery of the negro sort costs more than wage slavery, they abolish chattel slavery and make you free to choose between one employment or one master and another and this they call a glorious triumph for freedom, though for you it is merely the key of the street. When you complain, they promise that in future you shall govern the country for yourself. They redeem this promise by giving you a vote, and having a general election every five years or so.

**Questions :**

- (i) Name the chapter and its author.
- (ii) What should be the object of the honest governments ? Do they fulfil it ?
- (iii) How do they regulate the your slavery ?
- (iv) What do they call a glorious triumph for freedom ?

7. Answer in about **100** words any **two** of the following : 6 + 6 = 12

- (i) Why did Eveline review all the familiar objects at home ?

**OR**

Why did Dr. Margolin not particularly want his wife to accompany him to the wedding ?

- (ii) Why has John Milton pitted the flight of Time against the "lazy leaden – stepping hours" and "the heavy Plummets pace" ?

**OR**

Summarize John Milton's ideas based on the poem "On Shakespeare".

8. Attempt any **four** questions selecting at least **two** from each Section : 2 × 4 = 8

- (a) (i) Why "Pity world be no more" ? *(The Human Abstract)*
- (ii) What do Mercy, Pity, Peace and Love do in distress ?
- (iii) What did Kubla Khan build in Xanadu ?
- (b) (i) Give the association of Ingmar Bergman to film making. *(Film – Making)*
- (ii) What is a novel according to D. H. Lawrence ? *(Why the Novel Matters)*
- (iii) "Proximity is not alien to us in India." What does Amartya Sen mean to say ? *(The Argumentative Indian)*

## SECTION – C

9. Answer in about **100** words :

6 + 6 = 12

- (a) How does Prakriti's mother react when she hears of Prakriti's encounter with the monk ?

OR

Will Prakriti resign herself to her lot ? Yes or No. Explain.

- (b) Sketch the character of Manjula on the basis of your reading of "*Broken Images*".

OR

What is the theme of Girish Karnad's "*Broken Images*".

10. Answer any **four** of the following in about **30** words each, choosing **two** from each of the two plays :

2 × 4 = 8

- (a) (i) What, according to Mother is the role and power of woman ?

(ii) What is Prakriti's idea of religion ?

(iii) How does Mother offer to call Bhikshu ? Does Prakriti agree ?

- (b) (i) What do you know about Manjula's first Novel in English ?

(ii) How was Manjula's novel in English not a matter of choice ?

(iii) Who is Malini ?

## SECTION – D

11. Write short notes on any **five** of the following :

2 × 5 = 10

sonnet, lyric, ode, dramatic monologue, simile, metaphor, alliteration.

